

Saskatchewan Immunization Manual Amendments March 27, 2023

<u>Instructions</u>: Please remove and discard the corresponding pages in each chapter section as applicable and insert the amended pages as noted below in each corresponding chapter section.

Chapter 10 Biological Products

- COVID-19 Booster Dose Parameters and Recommendations
 - o Off-license use noted for Modern BA.4/5 in ages 6-17 years.
 - o New first and second bullets:
 - People 5 years of age and older are eligible to receive one bivalent booster dose 6
 months (absolute minimum of 5 months if operationally required) from their previous
 dose (i.e., after a primary series or a previous monovalent booster dose (regardless of the
 number of booster doses previously received)) or COVID-19 infection (whichever interval
 is longer as applicable).
 - The following populations are recommended to receive a second COVID-19 bivalent vaccine booster dose 6 or more months (absolute minimum of 5 months if operationally required) from their last COVID-19 booster dose or COVID-19 infection (whichever interval is longer as applicable):
 - Adults 80 years of age and older
 - Adult residents 18 years of age and older in long-term care facilities, personal
 care homes, and congregate living settings providing care for seniors (i.e. assisted
 living settings).
 - Adults 18 years of age and older who are moderately to severely immunocompromised with medical conditions described at https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/healthyliving/canadian-immunization-guide-part-4-active-vaccines/page-26-covid-19vaccine.html#a6.4.considerations
 - Adults 65-79 years of age, particularly if they do not have a known prior history of COVID-19 infection (verbal confirmation is acceptable from the client or their caregiver).
- COVID-19 Vaccine Q &A for Immunizers
 - o New! #3
 - A. Are there any exceptions regarding the 6-month interval for booster doses?
 - B. Response: The 6-month interval is recommended after SARS-CoV-2 infection and the administration of a booster dose, as more time between infection and vaccination may result in a better immune response. The absolute minimum interval is 5 months, only to be applied if operationally required.
 - o #9 responses:
 - A. If they have received 1 dose of a non-HC approved vaccine and now are in Canada, provide 1 monovalent dose 4 weeks after their first dose (preferably mRNA vaccine), and 1 bivalent booster dose (as age eligible; refer to COVID-19 Booster Dose Parameters and Recommendations) 6 months later to be considered up to date for current recommendations.
 - B. Select populations are recommended to receive a second bivalent booster dose. Refer to COVID-19 Booster Dose Parameters and Recommendations.
 - o #10 responses:
 - A. If they have received 2 non-HC approved doses and are now in Canada, provide 1 bivalent dose (as age eligible; refer to COVID-19 Booster Dose Parameters and Recommendations) 6 months after their second dose, as their additional dose. They will be considered up to date based on current recommendations.



Saskatchewan Immunization Manual Amendments March 27, 2023

- B. If they have received 3 non-HC approved doses and are now in Canada, provide 1 bivalent dose (if age eligible; refer to COVID-19 Booster Dose Parameters and Recommendations) 6 months after their third dose as their booster.
- O Added to #12: While Pfizer-BioNTech original is generally preferred for the primary series in those 5 to 29 years of age due to the lower risk of myocarditis/pericarditis, given the potential benefit in the immune response, for some moderately to severely immunocompromised individuals 5 to 29 years of age, administration of Moderna Spikevax original as a primary series may be considered (based on clinical judgement).